

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product/Trade Name	SYLVARES™ TP 2019	Code	TP2019
	(formerly NIREZ® 2019)	MSDS#	6097
Supplier / Manufacturer	Arizona Chemical P.O. Box 550850 Jacksonville, FL 32255-0850 USA (800) 526-5294 / (904) 928-8700	Validation Date	03/05/2001
		Print Date	03/05/2001
Chemical Name	Terpene Phenol Resin	EMERGENCY PHONE CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (transportation and medical)	

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by Weight
1) Terpene Phenolic Resin	259094-71-8 (may also be described as 25359-84-6 internationally)	>99.9

See Section 8 for Exposure Controls/ Exposure Limits/ Personal Protection information.

Section 3. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Product is a pale yellow solid with a phenolic odor. Product may form explosive dust/air mixture if high concentration of product dust is suspended in air. Static electric charges created by emptying product from ungrounded containers in or near flammable vapors may cause flash fire. After prolonged contact with highly porous materials, this product may spontaneously combust. Dust/powder may irritate eye tissue.

HMIS

HEALTH: 1

FIRE: 1

REACTIVITY: 0

PPE: see Section 8 of this MSDS.

0=Minimal; 1=Slight; 2=Moderate;
3=Serious; 4=Severe;
(*)=Chronic health hazard.

Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact	Dust/powder may irritate eye tissue. Rubbing may cause abrasion of the cornea. Symptoms may include irritation, redness, scratching of the cornea, and tearing.
Skin Contact	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. When it is heated, this product may cause thermal burns.
Inhalation	Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of vapor/fumes generated by heating this product may cause respiratory irritation with throat discomfort, coughing and difficulty breathing. Inhalation of vapors/fumes from molten product may cause respiratory tract congestion, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	Ingestion of small amounts is not expected to produce adverse health effects. Ingestion of large quantities may result in gastrointestinal disturbances including irritation, nausea, and diarrhea.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes with flooding amounts of cool, low pressure water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention. If hot/molten product contacts eye, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	In case of skin contact, wash immediately with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention. If molten product contacts skin, cool under running water. Do not attempt to remove the hot, molten or cooled product from the skin. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Move person to non-contaminated air. If affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. Seek medical attention.

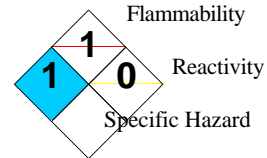
Ingestion	If swallowed, contact a physician or poison control center immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Notes to Physician	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion, the decision of whether or not to induce vomiting should be made by the attending physician. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn. Removing adhered product from burned skin may compromise the skin integrity and result in infection and/or more severe scarring.
If victims of chemical over-exposure are taken for medical attention, give a copy of the label or MSDS to the physician/health professional.	

Section 5. Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product	Nonflammable.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available.
Flash Point	>93.333°C (200°F). (Setaflash Closed Cup.)
Flammable Limits	Not available.
General Fire Hazards	High concentration of airborne dust may form explosive mixture with air. Static electric charges created by emptying product from ungrounded containers in or near flammable vapors may cause flash fire. Product is not considered combustible. If heated above its flash point in the presence of air, product can support combustion.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other products of combustion.
Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical or water.
Fire Fighting Equipment and Instructions	Wear full protective clothing, including self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, helmet, protective clothing and face mask. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers and to protect personnel.

NFPA 704

0=Minimal; 1=Slight;
2=Moderate; 3=Serious;
4=Severe



This information is for people trained in the National Fire Protection Association's (NFPA 704) Identification of the Fire Hazards of Materials.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment	Contain the discharged material. If airborne dust is generated, eliminate all sources of ignition that may come into contact with the dust.
Clean-up Procedures	Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Shovel material into appropriate container for disposal. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up. Wear an approved respirator if dust is generated above exposure limits. Follow all Local, State, Federal and Provincial regulations for disposal.
Evacuation Procedures	Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away. In case of large spills, follow all facility emergency response procedures.
Special Instructions	Remove soiled clothing and laundry before reuse. Avoid excessive skin contact with spilled material. Avoid skin contact with molten resins. Avoid inhalation of dust from spilled material.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling	Avoid eye and skin contact. Avoid breathing dusts from this material. Avoid breathing fumes if product is used at high temperatures. Maintain good housekeeping to prevent dust accumulation. Flaked or crushed material may cause a dust problem. If product is in dust form, it is classified as a dust explosion hazard class II. Handling of product in dust form should be in accordance with NFPA. If handling with flammable or combustible materials, the explosion hazard may increase. Avoid ignition sources such as sparks and flame. In addition, when emptying bags where flammable vapors may be present, blanket vessel with inert gas; assure proper grounding (NFPA 69 - Explosion Prevention Systems; NFPA 70 - National Electric Code; NFPA 77 - Recommended Practices on Static Electricity; NFPA 654 - Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions in the Chemical, Dye, Pharmaceutical, and Plastics Industry), and pour material slowly into conductive grounded chutes. An explanation of dust explosions is available in Technical Bulletin #1. Please contact customer service to request a copy. Do not reheat product packaged in light metal containers. The light metal containers will not safely support the movement or transfer of the product in a hot, molten form. Do not chisel drums in areas where flammable liquids are stored or used. Wash thoroughly after handling. Never eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the toilet or applying cosmetics.
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Storage	Store at ambient temperature and atmospheric pressure. Guard against dust accumulation of this material. Flaked or crushed product may be prone to oxidation, therefore control inventory - use oldest material first. Suggest stainless steel construction for bulk storage.
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Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	Provide local exhaust and general ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below OSHA, ACGIH, and manufacturer recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source. Ventilation must be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent build-up of airborne dusts. Use electrically grounded, explosion-proof equipment for ventilation or any handling of this product.
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Personal Protection

Eye/Face: Wear chemical goggles and face shield if handling molten material. Ensure compliance with OSHA's personal protective equipment (PPE) standard for eye and face protection, 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin: Use impervious gloves. Work clothing sufficient to prevent all skin contact should be worn, such as coveralls and long sleeves. For heated/molten product, use any type thermal insulating gloves and other clothing as necessary to protect from thermal burns. Ensure compliance with OSHA's personal protective equipment (PPE) standard, 29 CFR 1910.132 (general) and 138 (hand protection).

Respiratory: Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2-1992). A written respiratory protection program, including provisions for medical certification, training, fit testing, exposure assessments, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and convenient, sanitary storage, must be implemented.

DUST/MIST: If concentrations are below the TLV and/or PEL, a NIOSH approved disposable dust/mist respirator may be used for personal comfort. For concentrations above the TLV and/or PEL but less than 10 times these limits, a NIOSH approved half-facepiece respirator equipped with dust-mist cartridges may be used. For concentrations greater than 10 times the TLV and/or PEL, consult the NIOSH respirator decision logic found in Publication No. 87-116 or ANSI Z88.2-1992. Note: ANSI Z88.2-1992 requires the use of a HEPA filter if the particle size distribution of the contaminant is unknown. Warning! Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

For molten/heated product:

GAS/VAPOR: For concentrations above the TLV and/or PEL but less than 10 times these limits, a NIOSH approved half-face respirator equipped with appropriate chemical cartridges may be used. For concentrations greater than 10 times the TLV and/or PEL, consult the NIOSH respirator decision logic found in Publication No. 87-116 or ANSI Z88.2-1992. Warning! Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

General: Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. Eye wash fountains and emergency showers are recommended. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Observe exposure limits for Particulates (NOC):

ACGIH TLV TWA: 10 mg/m³ Total dust; **ACGIH TLV TWA:** 3 mg/m³ Respirable dust;

OSHA PEL TWA: 15 mg/m³ Total dust; **OSHA PEL TWA:** 5 mg/m³ Respirable dust.

If product is heated to temperatures sufficient to produce smoke or fumes, observe the ACGIH TLV TWA exposure limits for Phenol and Xylene:

Phenol TLV TWA: 5 ppm (skin)

Xylene TLV TWA: 100 ppm

Xylene STEL: 150 ppm

Chemical Name or Product Name	CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
1) Terpene Phenolic Resin	259094-71-8 (may also be described as 25359-84-6 internationally)	Not established	Not established

NOTE: The 1989 OSHA PELs were vacated in 1993 and are not currently enforceable by Federal OSHA. However, some state OSHA programs may still enforce the 1989 limits.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance	Solid.	Vapor Density	Not available.
Odor	Phenolic.	Percent Volatile (EPA Method 24)	Negligible
Color	Pale Yellow. (Light.)	Solubility (water)	Not available.
Molecular Weight	~ 696	Density (vs. water)	> 1
Specific Gravity	1.01 (Water = 1)	Flash Point	>93.333°C (200°F). (Setaflash Closed Cup.).
Boiling Point	Not applicable	R/B Softening Point	120 - 126 °C
pH	Not applicable.	Acid No. (per ASTM D-465)	Not determined.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data

Chemical Stability	The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid strong oxidizing agents. Avoid ignition sources where dust is produced.
Incompatibility	May react with strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other products of combustion.
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Toxicity to Animals	Acute toxicity tests (24 hours) in rats and mice failed to produce death following an oral dose of 7000 mg/kg and 4000 mg/kg respectively, suggesting non-toxicity in these species. Terpene phenol resin was slightly toxic in guinea pigs, rabbits, and cats following an oral doses of 4000 mg/kg and 5000 mg/kg.
Toxicity to Humans	Contact may cause skin or eye irritation. Inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure to smoke/fumes generated by heating this product may cause respiratory irritation with throat discomfort, coughing or breathing difficulty. CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. No information available on the toxicity of this product to the reproductive system.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	This product does not exhibit immediate danger to the aquatic environment.
Environmental Fate	No information is available.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	Wastes must be tested using methods described in 40 CFR 261 to determine if it meets applicable definitions of hazardous waste. No EPA Waste Numbers are applicable for this product's components. Dispose of waste material according to Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations. Write to the address listed in Section 1 for information on heavy metals analysis and other disposal information.
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Section 14. Transport Information

DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).
Proper Shipping Name	None.
DOT Identification Number	None.
Packing Group	None.
Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity	Not available.
Special Provisions for Transport	IF SHIPPED OVER 100°C (but less than product flash point): DOT Shipping Name: Elevated temperature liquid, n.o.s.; Hazard Class: 9; UN/NA Number: UN3257; Packing group III (bulk shipping requires "HOT" placard).
Additional Shipping Information	Not Determined
International Transportation Regulations	Not Determined

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations	<p>OSHA: Not hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</p> <p>SARA TITLE III: SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A): None of this product's components are listed; SARA Section 311/312: None; SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): None of this product's components are listed; CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4): None of this product's components are listed.</p> <p>TSCA Inventory: All of this product's components are listed.</p> <p>International Inventories: All of this product's components are on or exempt from these inventories: Canada DSL, EINECS, Japan, Australia, Korea, China and the Philippines.</p> <p>State lists: None of this product's components are listed in CA, FL, MN, MA, NJ, or PA.</p> <p>This product does not contain any chemicals currently on the California List of Known Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins.</p>
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Section 16. Other Information

Key/Legend	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. ANSI = American National Standards Institute. ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials. CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act. DOT = Department of Transportation. EPA = Environmental Protection Agency. IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. LD = Lethal Dose. NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Health and Safety. NTP = National Toxicology Program. OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit. SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act. TLV = Threshold Limit Value. TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act.
Validated by Richard Moye on 03/05/2001.	Verified by Regulatory Affairs Dept..
	Printed 03/05/2001.
Supersedes Date	05/01/98
Reason for Revision	Updated Sections 1, 2, & 15.

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